

FINANCES: What resources were available to support the national program in the past six years? And what resources are available in the coming three years?

OUTCOME: How many people received the treatment and prevention services that they need?

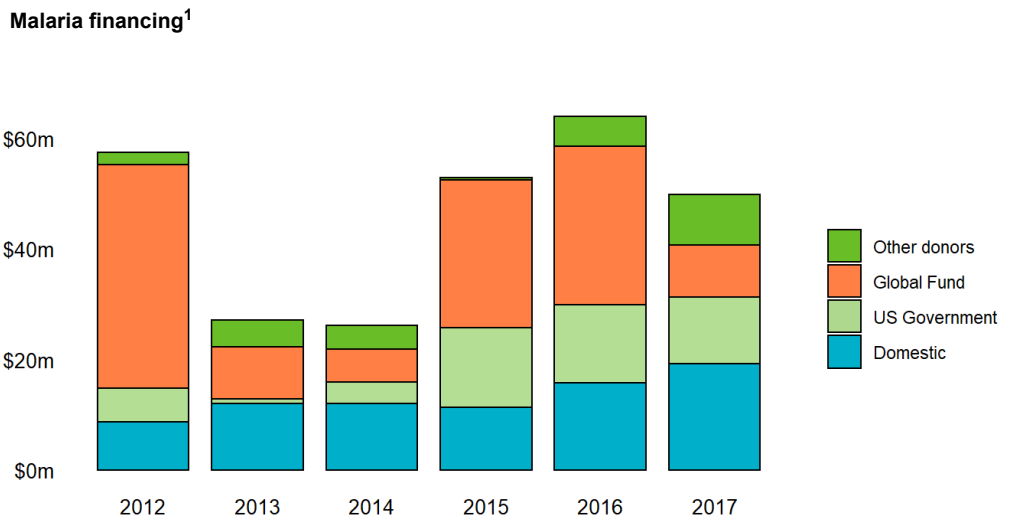
IMPACT: What is the trend among people who continue to fall ill or die? (actual and hypothetical in the absence of program)

Historical investments by funding source (2012-2017)

Global Fund investments:
2014-2016 Allocation period
 Malaria disbursements: **\$67.7m**
 Cross-cutting RSSH disbursements: **\$17.1m**

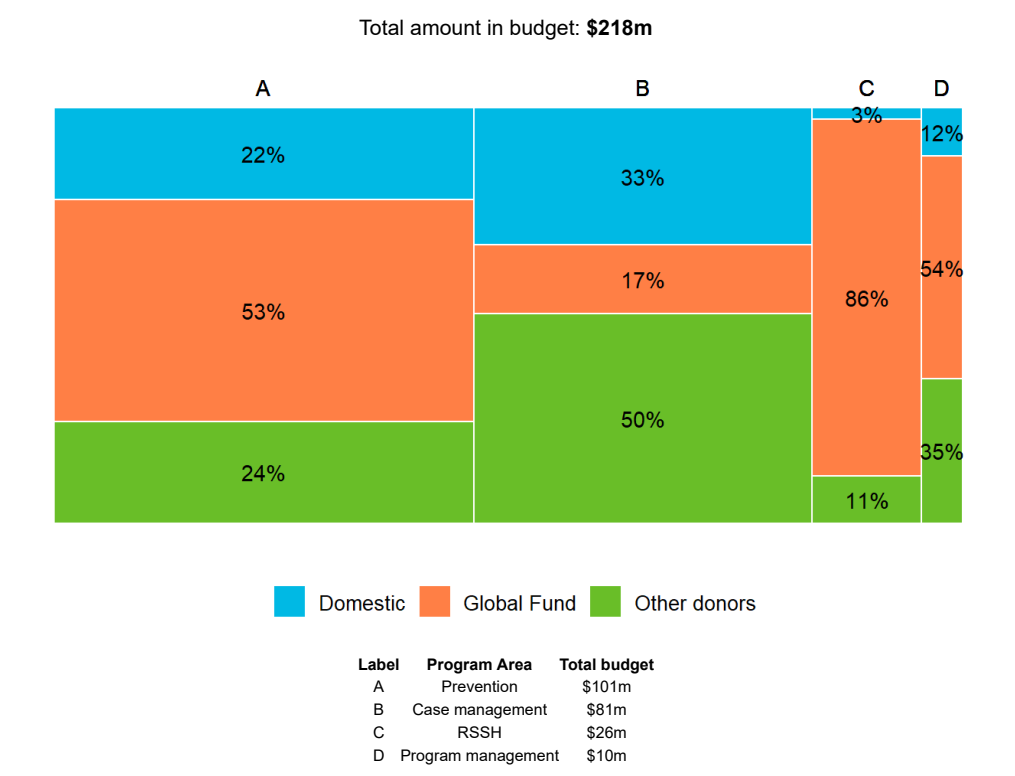
2017-2019 Allocation period
 Malaria disbursements: **\$103m**

In 2015-2017, **90%** of NSP need was funded.



¹Domestic – funding request submitted to the Global Fund; External – country reported, OECD DAC CRS

Planned investments by funding source and intervention (2018-2020)²

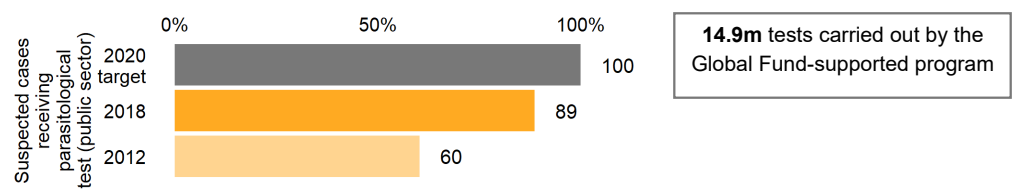


²Detailed financial gap analysis reported by country based on NSP categories; investments cover the period 2018-2020

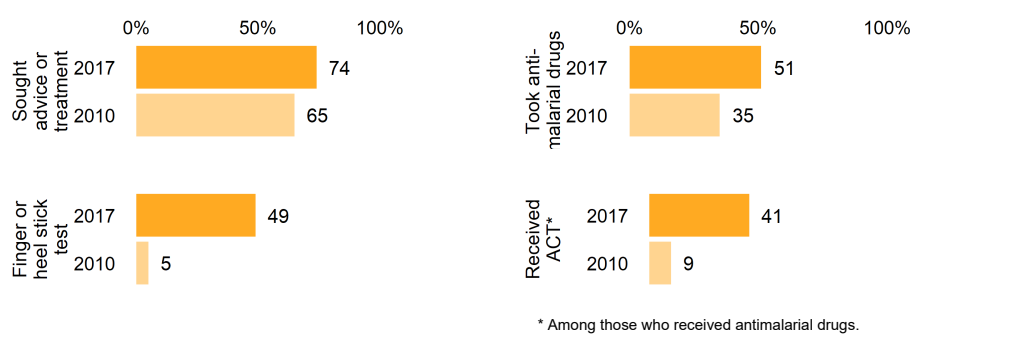
Global Fund Results (2019)

Nets distributed: **13.1m** Households receiving IRS: **-** Malaria cases treated: **10.4m**

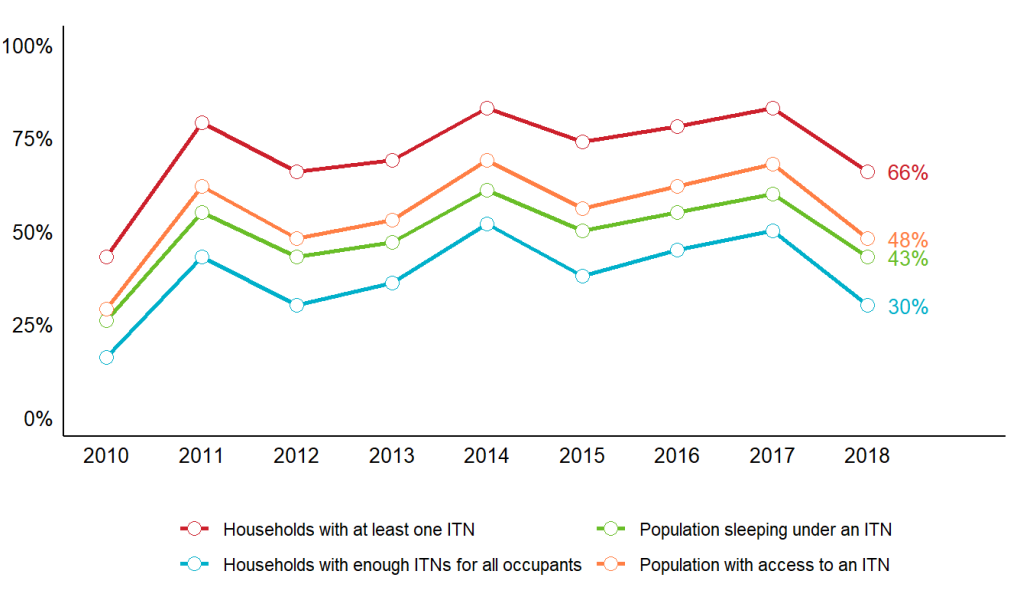
Suspected malaria cases that receive a parasitological test



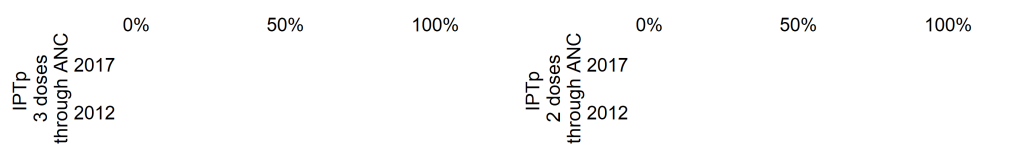
Malaria testing and treatment in children under 5 with fever in last 2 weeks



Bednet coverage

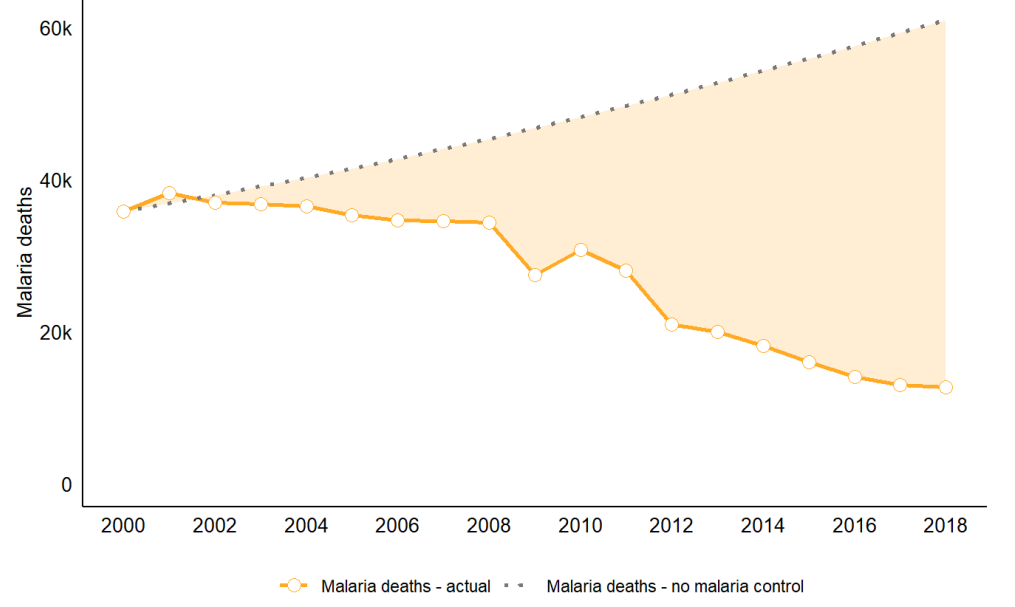


Intermittent preventive treatment in pregnancy (IPTp)



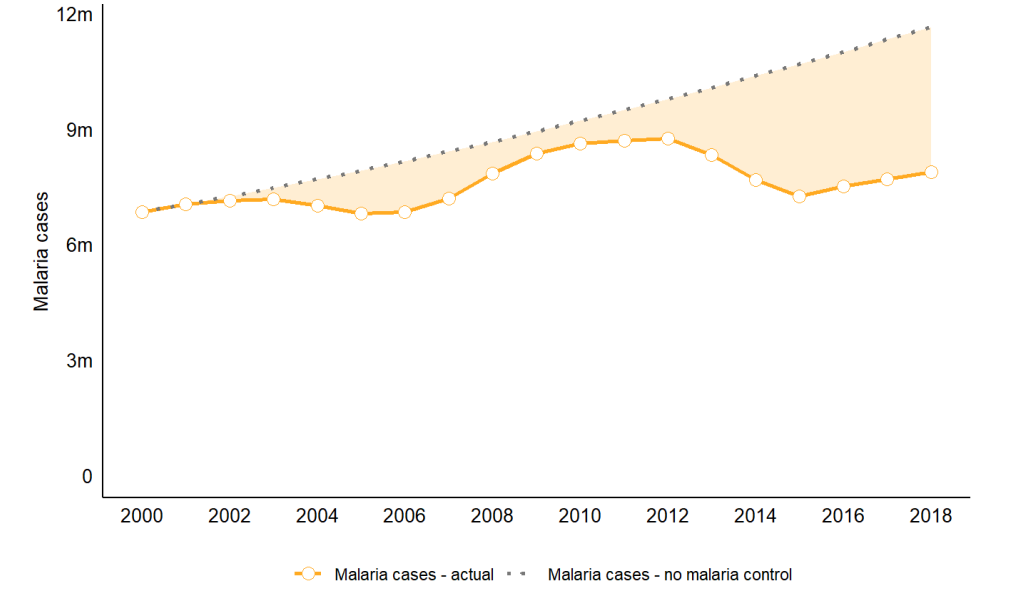
Malaria deaths

Change in malaria deaths:
39% reduction from 2012 to 2018
64% reduction from 2000 to 2018



Malaria cases

Change in malaria cases:
10% reduction from 2012 to 2018
15% increase from 2000 to 2018



Notes
 Detailed notes are available on the separate Explanatory Notes page (https://www.theglobalfund.org/media/7871/other_countryresultsprofileexplanatory_notes_en.pdf)